



Spacemagnets Europe GmbH

Spacemagnets Serve the World

N35

Sintered NdFeB-Magnets

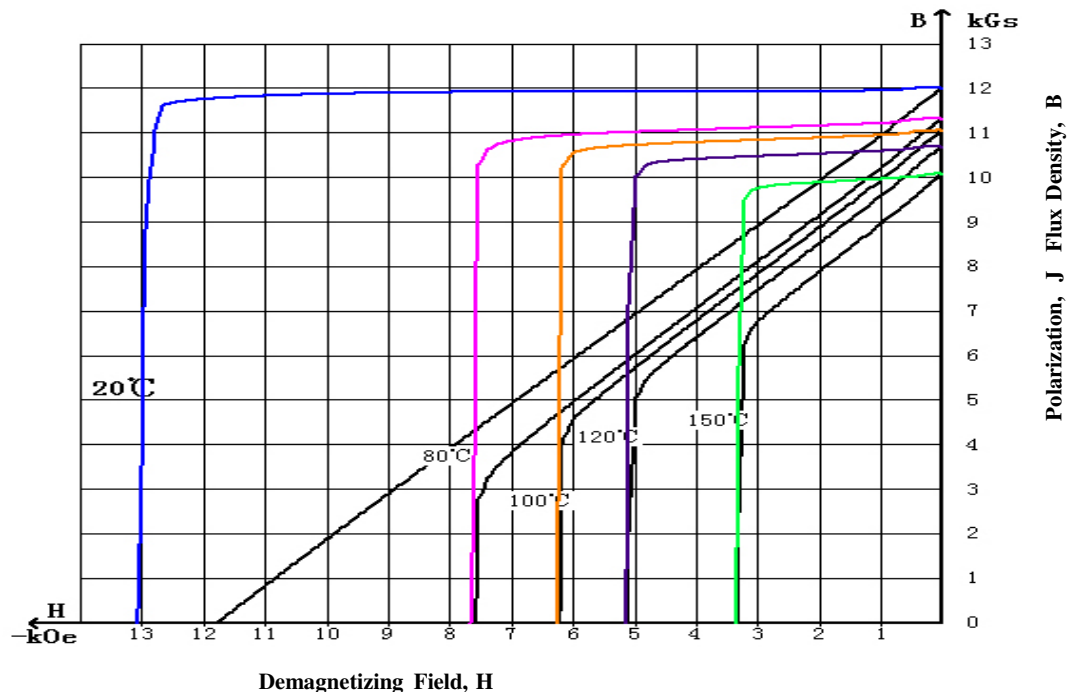
A neodymium magnet (also known as NdFeB, NIB or Neo magnet), the most widely used type of rare-earth magnet, is a permanent magnet made from an alloy of neodymium, iron and boron to form the Nd₂Fe₁₄B tetragonal crystalline structure. NdFeB-magnets are the strongest type of permanent magnet commercially available.

Magnetic Properties	Characteristic	Unit	Min	Nominal	Max
	Br Residual Induction	Gauss	11700	11950	12200
		mT	1170	1195	1220
	Hcb Coercivity	Oersteds	10900		
		KA/M	868		
	Hcj Intrinsic Coercivity	Oersteds	12000		
		KA/M	955		
	BHmax Maximum Energy Product	MGOe	33	34.5	36
		KJ/M ³	263	275	287

Thermal Properties	Characteristic	Unit	C//	C⊥
	Reversible Temperature Coefficients ⁽¹⁾			
	Of Induction, α (Br)	%/°C		-0.12
	Of Coercivity, β (Hcj)	%/°C		-0.750
	Coefficient of Thermal Expansion ⁽²⁾	$\Delta L/L$ per °C $\times 10^{-6}$	7.5	-0.1
	Thermal Conductivity	kcal/mhr°C	7.6	5.8
	Specific Heat ⁽³⁾	cal/g°C		0.11
Other Properties	Curie Temperature, Tc	°C		310
	Flexural Strength	psi		41300
		Mpa		285
	Density	g/cm ³		7.6
	Hardness, Vickers	Hv		620
	Electrical Resistivity	$\mu\Omega\cdot\text{cm}$		180

Notes: (1) Coefficients measured between 20 and 80 °C
(2) Between 20 and 180 °C (3) Between 20 and 140 °C

Material: N35



1KA/M = 12.566 Oe 1Koe = 79.577 KA/M 10KGS = 1 Tesla

Notes: The material data and demagnetization curves shown above represent typical properties that may vary due to product shape and size.
Demagnetization curves show nominal Br and minimum Hcj.
Magnets can be supplied thermal stabilized or magnetically calibrated to customer specifications.
Additional grades are available, Please contact the factory for information.